



Justice Delayed: A Report of the Provincial Court of British Columbia Concerning Judicial Resources

On September 14, 2010 the Provincial Court of British Columbia released its “*Justice Delayed*” Report. The Report concluded that it would be appropriate to issue regular updates to the Attorney General and the public concerning the judicial complement of the Court, caseloads and times to trial in each area of the Court’s jurisdiction.

This document provides the following updates as of September 30, 2011:

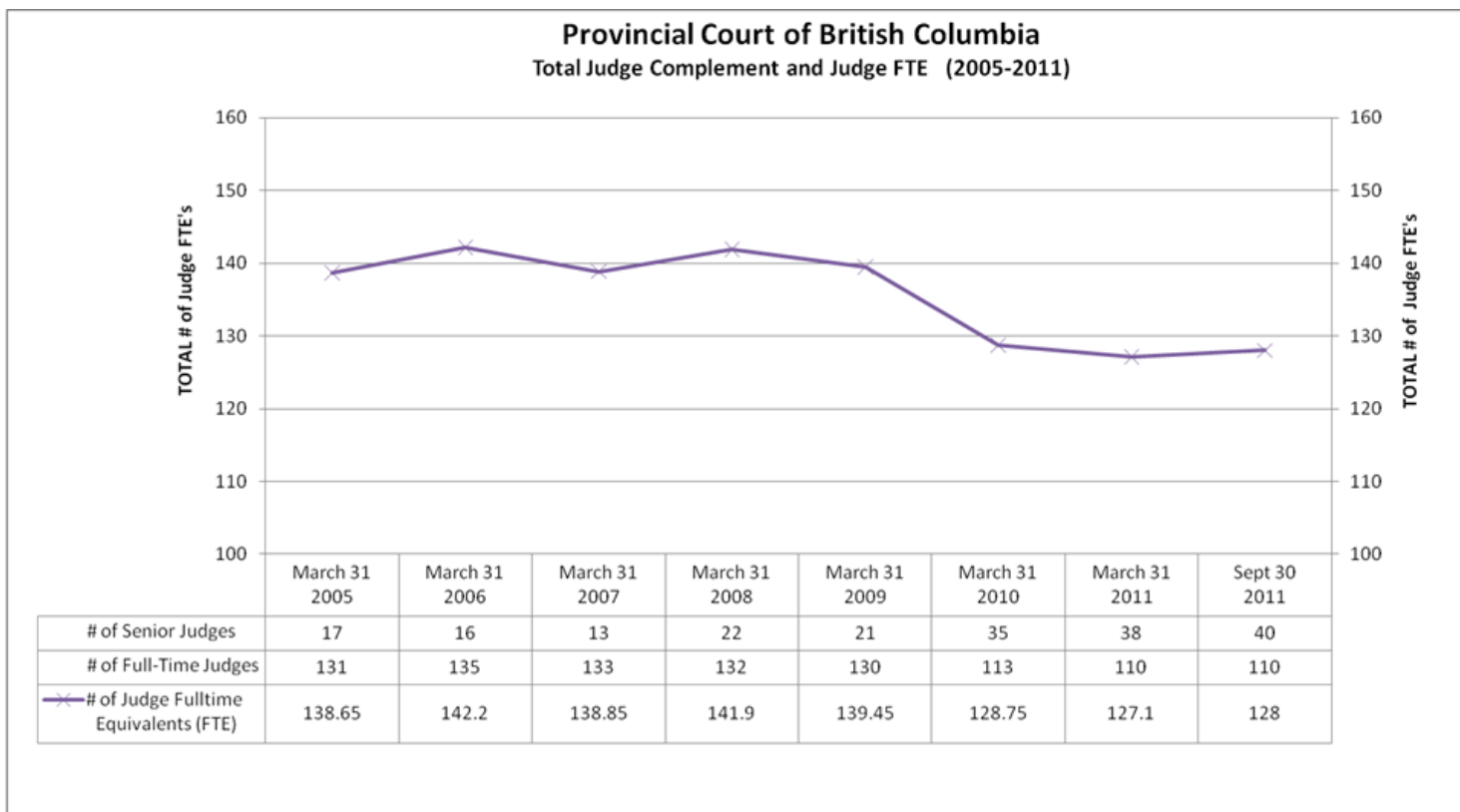
- Total Judge Complement and Judge FTE’s [number of Judges];
- Adult Criminal Cases Exceeding the Court’s Standard;
- Adult Criminal Weighted Provincial Delay;
- Child Protection Weighted Provincial Delay;
- Family Weighted Provincial Delay;
- Civil Small Claims Weighted Provincial Delay;
- Locations with the Longest Delays to Trial in each area of the Court’s jurisdiction.

When the *Justice Delayed* report was issued in September 2010, the judicial complement was 126.30 and as of September 30, 2011 is 128.0. The judicial complement as of September 30, 2011 is 15.65 Judges less than in 2005.

Information regarding the current complement can be found by viewing the Provincial Court Judge Complement [here](#).

The next scheduled update will be based on data obtained as of March 31, 2012.

Total Judge Complement and Judge FTE's 2005 – 2011



Notes:

Data Source: Rota6.

Judicial Complement is based on the total number of fulltime and part time/Senior Provincial Court Judges who were sitting as a Provincial Court Judge on the date noted.

TOTAL Judicial fulltime equivalent positions = the number of fulltime judges + the number of senior Judges. Each fulltime judge is calculated at 1.0 JFTE; each senior judge is calculated at 0.45 JFTE.

Adult Criminal Cases Exceeding the Court's Standard

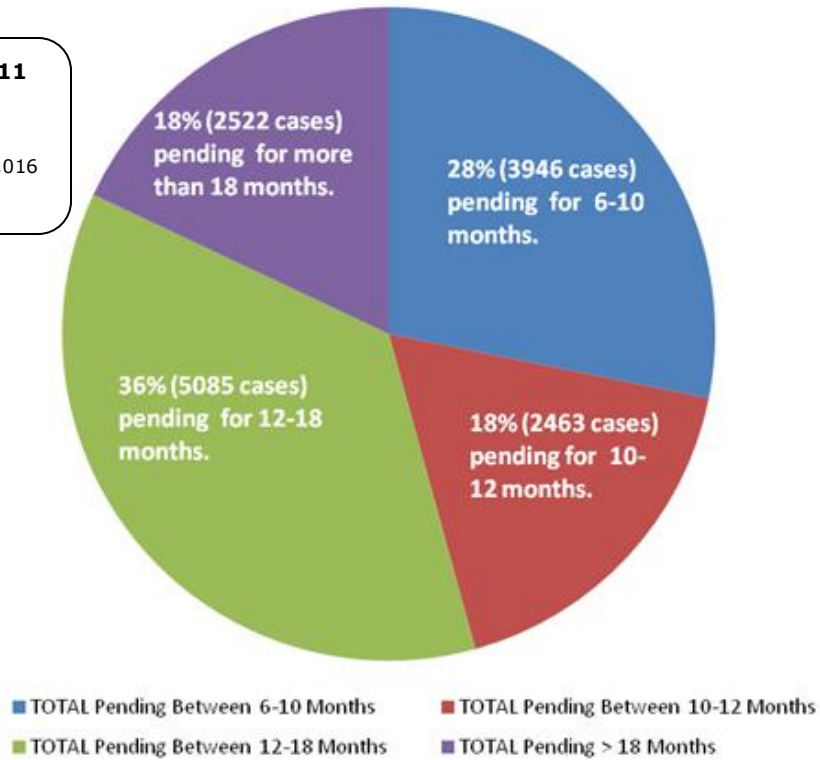
As at September 30, 2011

Adult Criminal Caseloads Pending > 180 Days (1)

As at September 30, 2011

Total Pending: 25,038 cases

Total Pending > 180 days: 14,016 cases



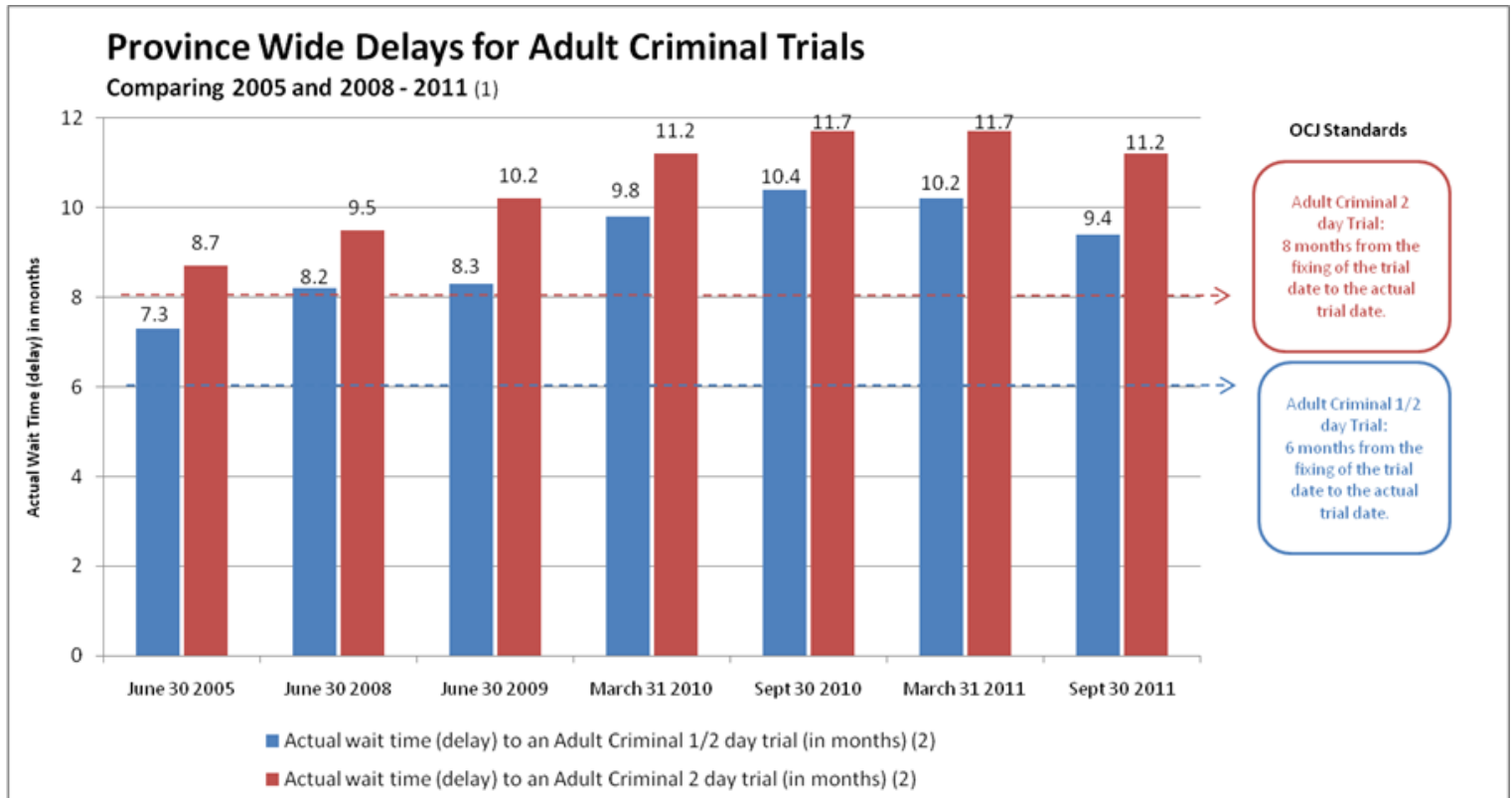
Notes:

Data Source: CORIN Database

(1) Provincial Court Pending Case: A case that has not completed and for which a future appearance is scheduled. Provincial Court Pending Case 180 days: A pending case where the number of days between the first appearance and the next scheduled appearance is over 180 days. Pending cases are snapshots of current pending case inventory. This report is as at September 30 2011 and represents a snapshot of the pending case inventory for all cases over 180 days. This report breaks these >180 day cases into 4 different timelines.

Weighted Province Wide Delay Reports – Provincial Summary

Comparing 2005 and 2008 - 2011



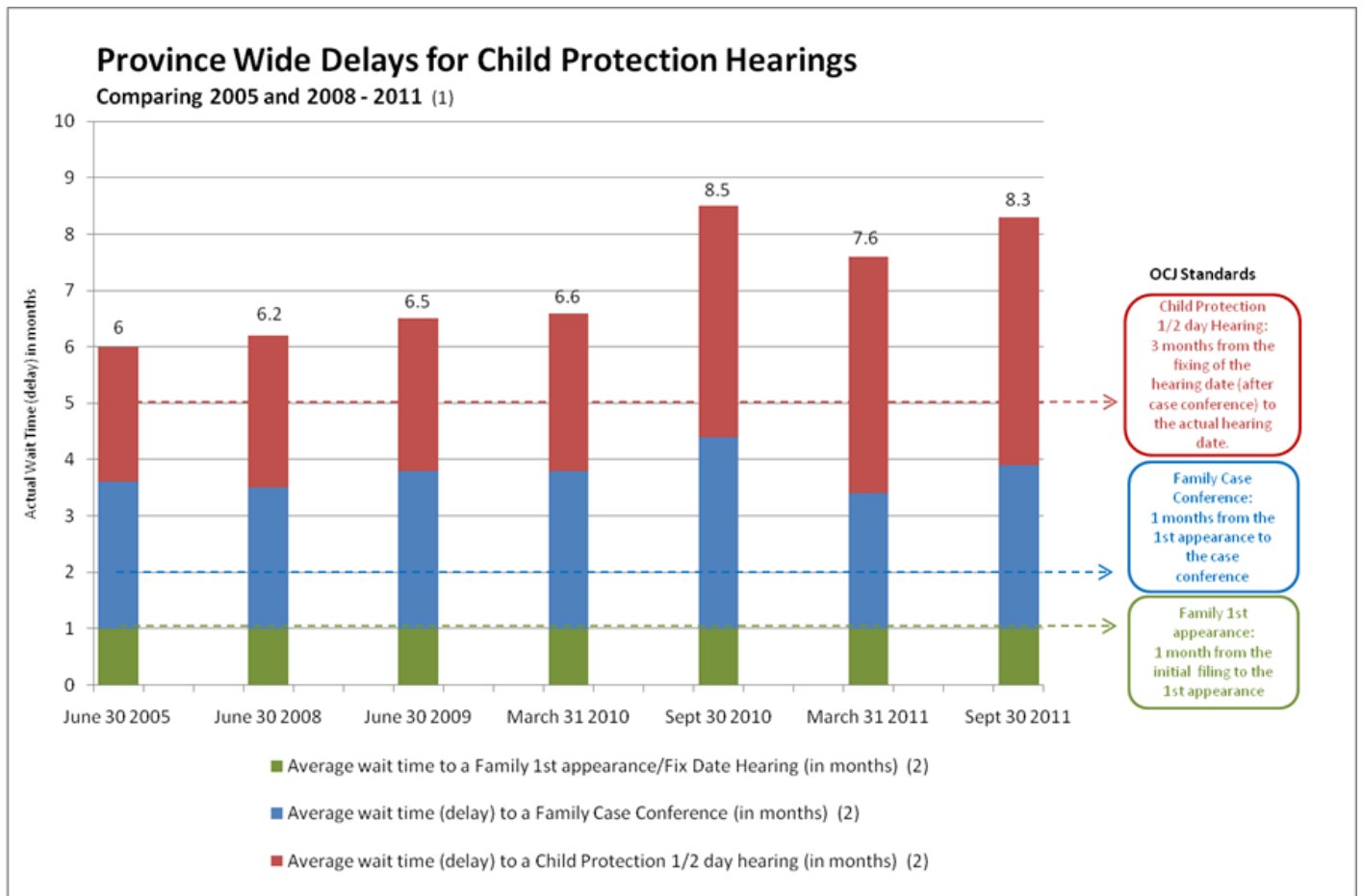
Notes:

(1) Data Source: Judicial (Quarterly) Next Available Date Surveys.

All locations in the province were weighted based on 2005/06 new caseloads for the June 30 2005 delays, 2009/10 new caseloads for June 30 2008, and June 30 2009, and calendar year 2010 new caseloads for 2010 and 2011 delays as a percentage of the provincial total.

(2) For Adult Criminal Trials, this number represents the number of months between an Arraignment Hearing/Fix Date and the first available court date that a typical 1/2 day and 2 day Adult Criminal trial can be scheduled into. The “first available date” does not include court dates that have opened up due to cancellations, since that is not when the court would “normally” be scheduling matters in the future. This wait time also takes into account any cases awaiting a trial date to be scheduled and factors those matters into any delay estimates.

The total wait time does not take into account the delay between the first appearance in Court and the date of the Arraignment Hearing/Fix Date.



Notes:

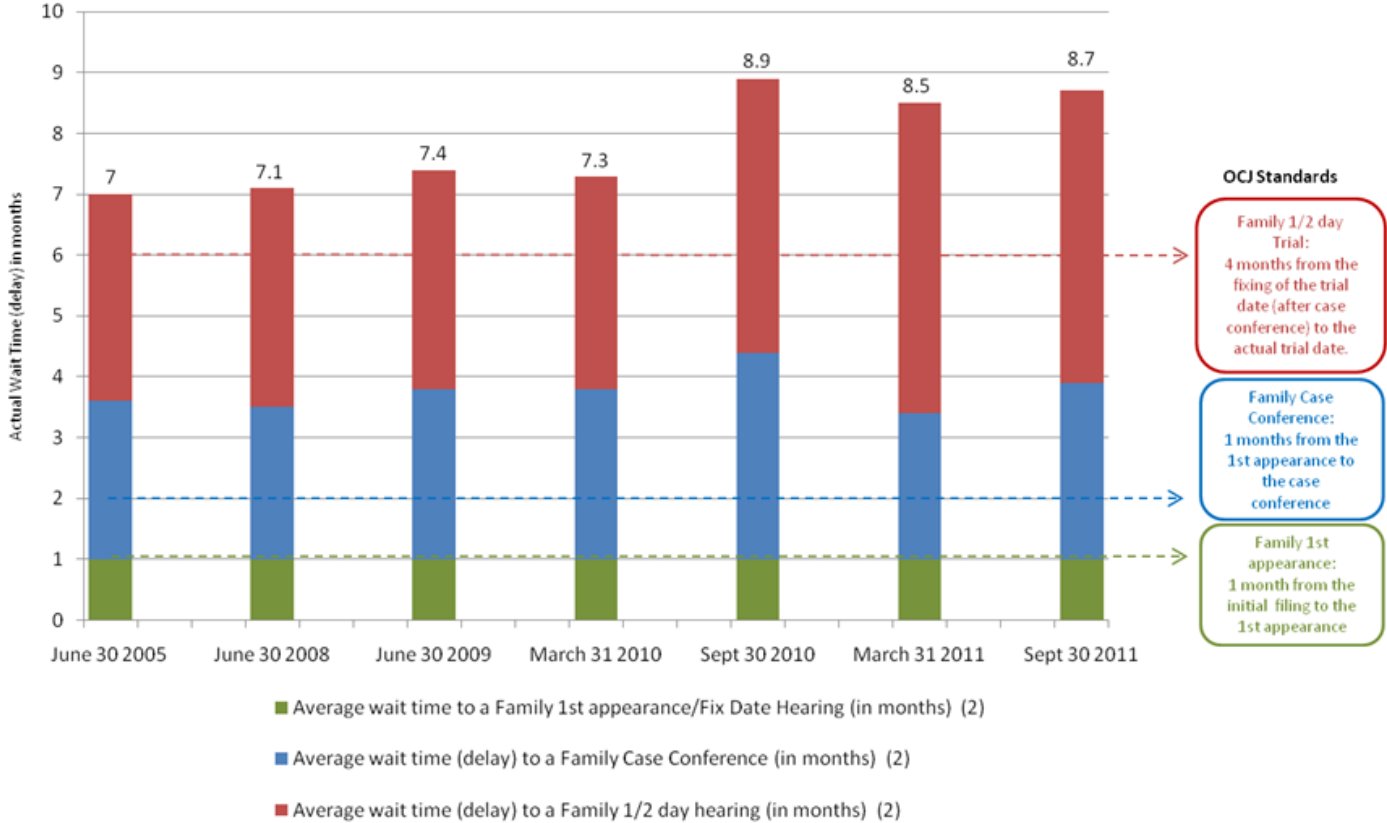
(1) Data Source: Judicial (Quarterly) Next Available Date Surveys.

All locations in the province were weighted based on 2005/06 new caseloads for the June 30 2005 delays, 2009/10 new caseloads for June 30 2008, and June 30 2009, and calendar year 2010 new caseloads for 2010 and 2011 delays as a percentage of the provincial total.

(2) For Child Protection Hearings, this number represents the number of months between an initial filing and the first appearance or Fix date, the first appearance and the first Case Conference and the first available court date that a typical ½ day Child Protection hearing can be scheduled into. The “first available date” does not include court dates that have opened up due to cancellations, since that is not when the Court would “normally” be scheduling matters in the future. This wait time also takes into account any cases awaiting a hearing date to be scheduled and factors those matters into any delay estimates.

Province Wide Delays for Family Trials

Comparing 2005 and 2008 - 2011 (1)

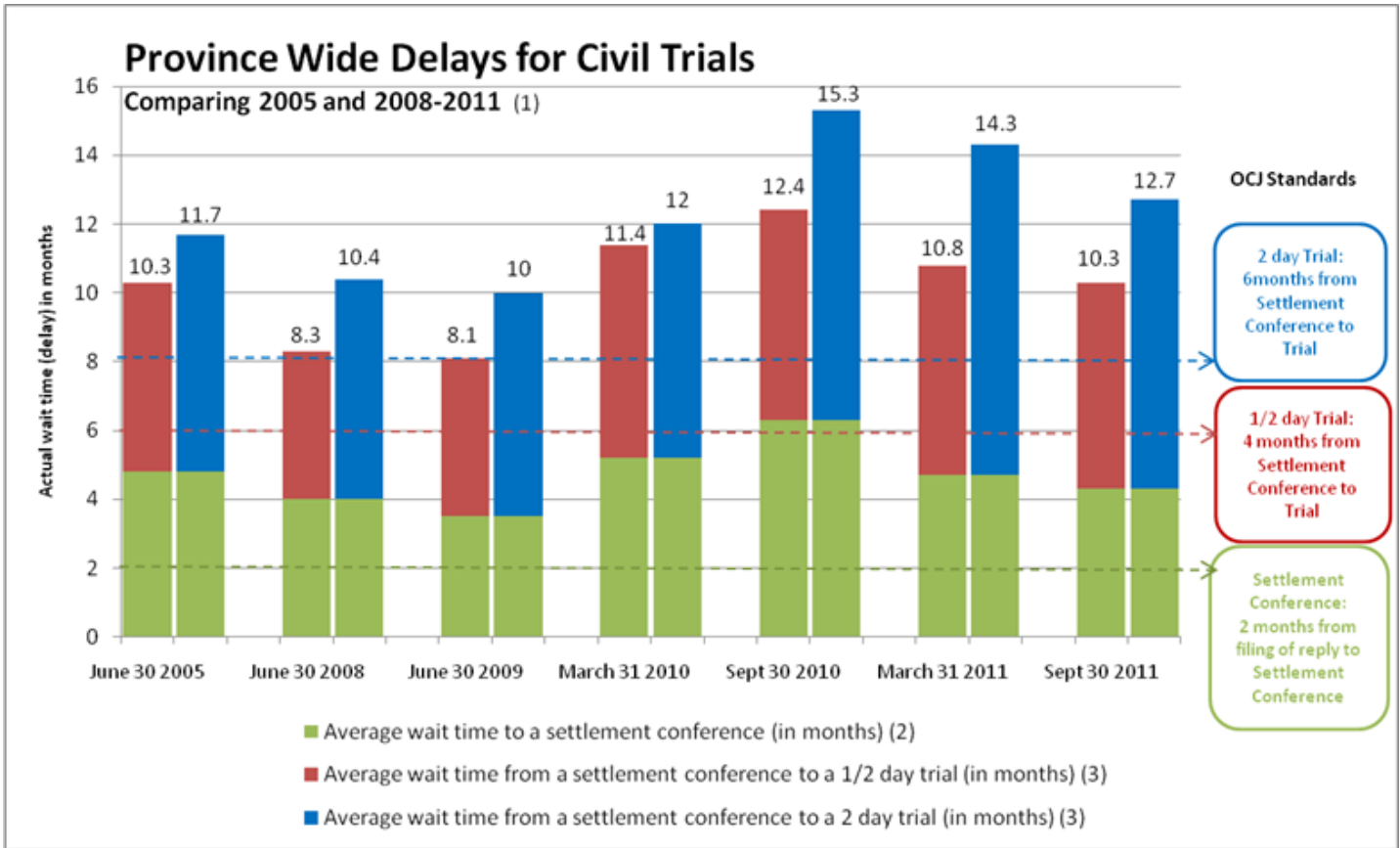


Notes:

(1) Data Source: Judicial (Quarterly) Next Available Date Surveys.

All locations in the province were weighted based on 2005/06 new caseloads for the June 30 2005 delays, 2009/10 new caseloads for June 30 2008, and June 30 2009, and calendar year 2010 new caseloads for 2010 and 2011 delays as a percentage of the provincial total.

(2) For Family Trials, this number represents the number of months between an initial filing and the first appearance or Fix date, the first appearance and the first Case Conference and the first available court date that a typical ½ day Family Trial can be scheduled into. The “first available date” does not include court dates that have opened up due to cancellations, since that is not when the Court would “normally” be scheduling matters in the future. This wait time also takes into account any cases awaiting a hearing date to be scheduled and factors those matters into any delay estimates.



Notes:

(1) Data Source: Judicial (Quarterly) Next Available Date Surveys.

All locations in the province were weighted based on 2005/06 new caseloads for the June 30 2005 delays, 2009/10 new caseloads for June 30 2008, and June 30 2009, and calendar year 2010 new caseloads for 2010 and 2011 delays as a percentage of the provincial total.

(2) For Small Claims Settlement Conferences, this number represents the number of months between the filing of the reply to the first available court date that a typical settlement conference can be scheduled into.

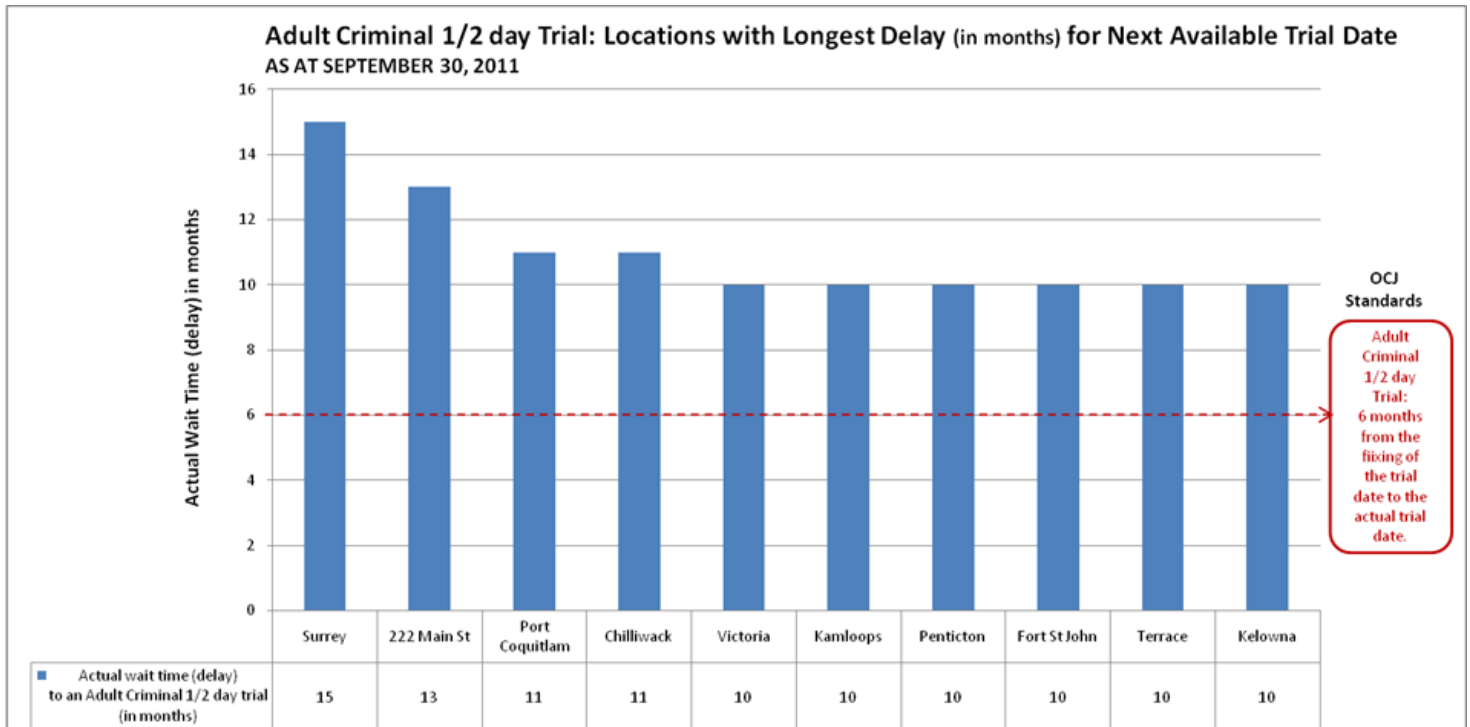
(3) For Small Claims ½ Day and 2 Day trials, this number represents the number of months between a Settlement Conference and the first available court date that a typical ½ day and 2 day trial can be scheduled into. The “first available date” does not include court dates that have opened up due to cancellations, since that is not when the Court would “normally” be scheduling matters in the future. This wait time also takes into account any cases awaiting a trial date to be scheduled and factors those matters into any delay estimates.

The total wait time does not take into account the delay between the filing of the initial claim and the date when all pleadings are closed (replies and other documentation filed).

Locations with the Longest Delays to Trial – All Divisions

As at September 30, 2011

Locations with the Longest Delay for Adult Criminal Trials



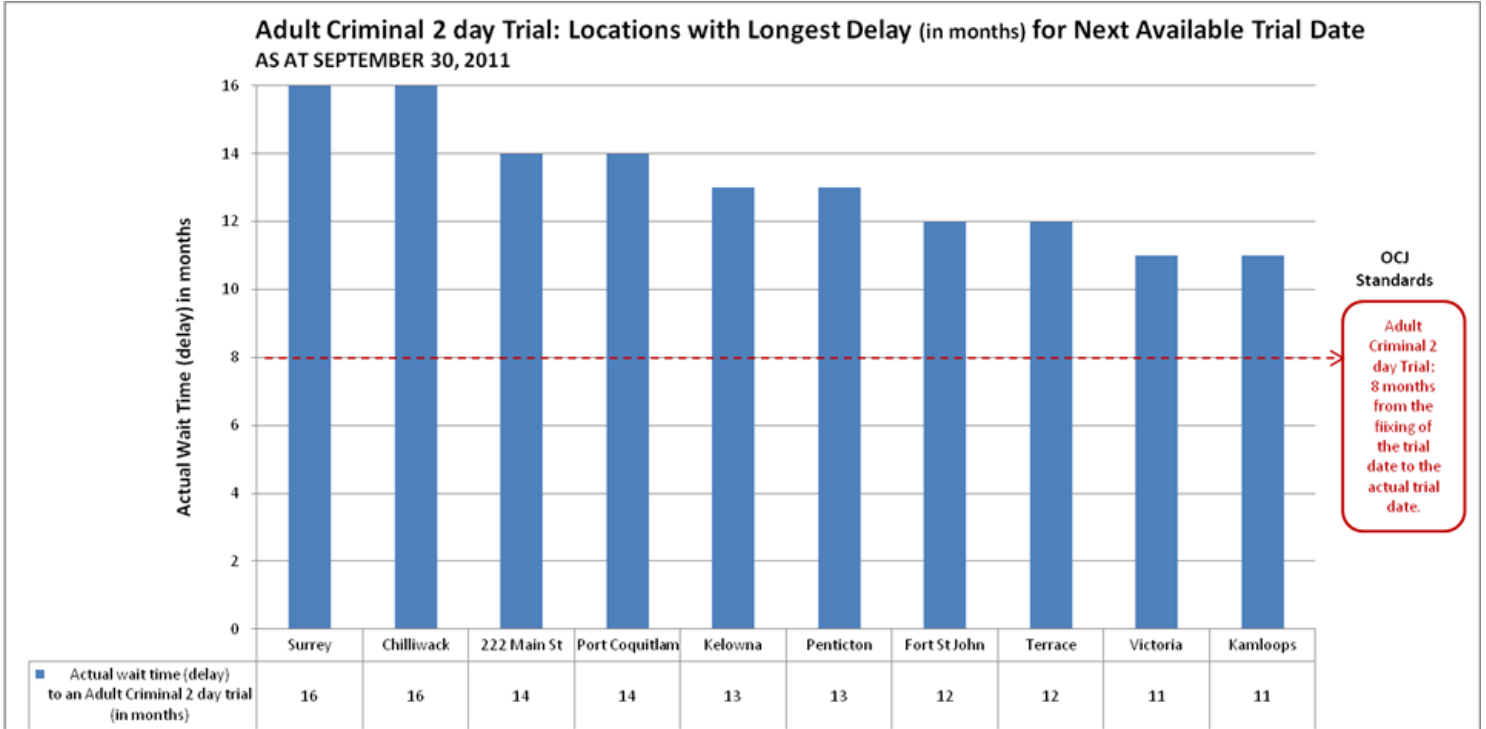
Notes:

Data Source: Judicial (Quarterly) Next Available Date Surveys.

For Adult Criminal Trials, this number represents the number of months between an Arraignment Hearing/Fix Date and the first available court date that a typical ½ day Adult Criminal trial can be scheduled into. The “first available date” does not include court dates that have opened up due to cancellations, since that is not when the Court would “normally” be scheduling matters in the future. This wait time also takes into account any trials or hearings awaiting a trial date to be scheduled and factors those matters into any delay estimates.

The total wait time does not take into account the delay between the first appearance in Court and the date of the Arraignment Hearing/Fix Date.

Locations with the Longest Delay for Adult 2 day Criminal Trials



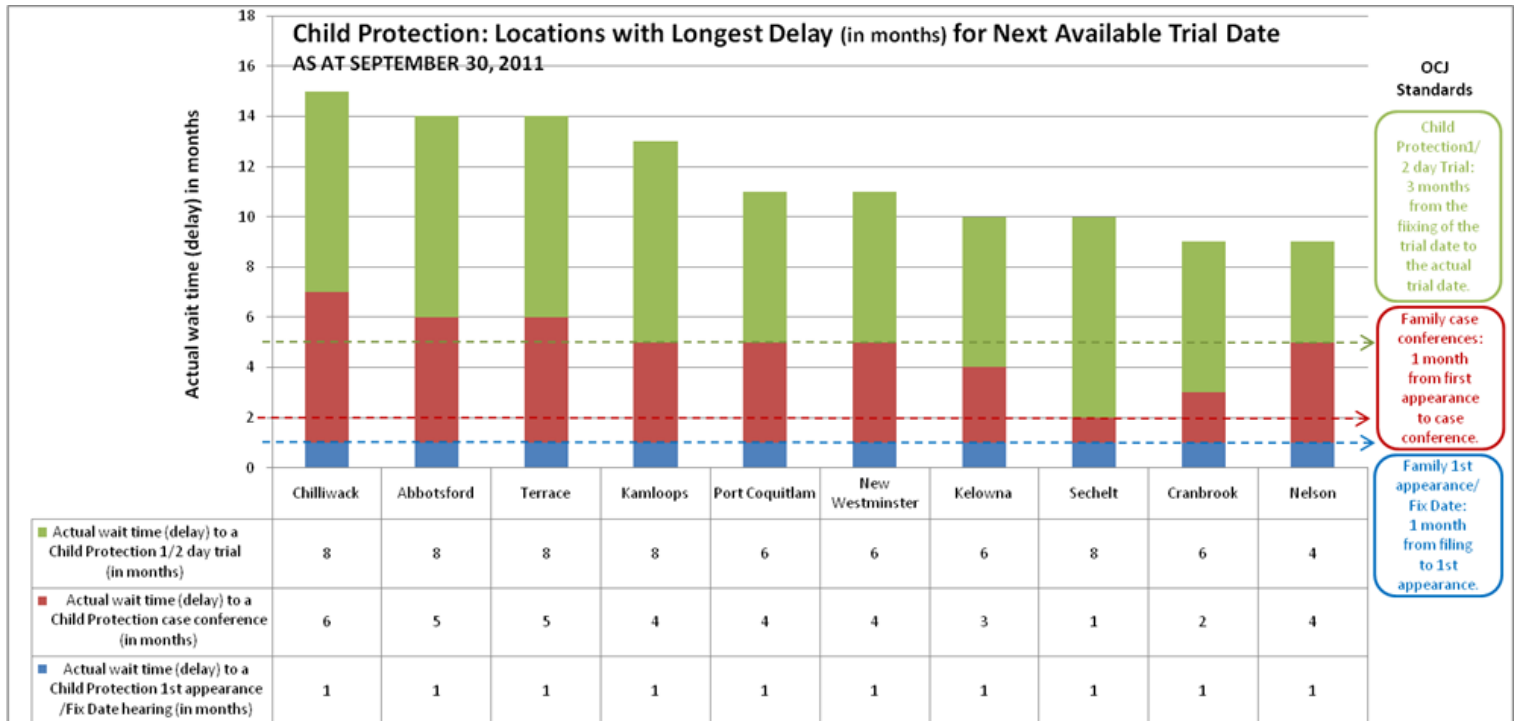
Notes:

Data Source: Judicial (Quarterly) Next Available Date Surveys.

For Adult Criminal Trials, this number represents the number of months between an Arraignment Hearing/Fix Date and the first available court date that a typical 2 day Adult Criminal trial can be scheduled into. The “first available date” does not include court dates that have opened up due to cancellations, since that is not when the Court would “normally” be scheduling matters in the future. This wait time also takes into account any trials or hearings awaiting a trial date to be scheduled and factors those matters into any delay estimates.

The total wait time does not take into account the delay between the first appearance in Court and the date of the Arraignment Hearing/Fix Date.

Locations with the Longest Delay for Child Protection Hearings



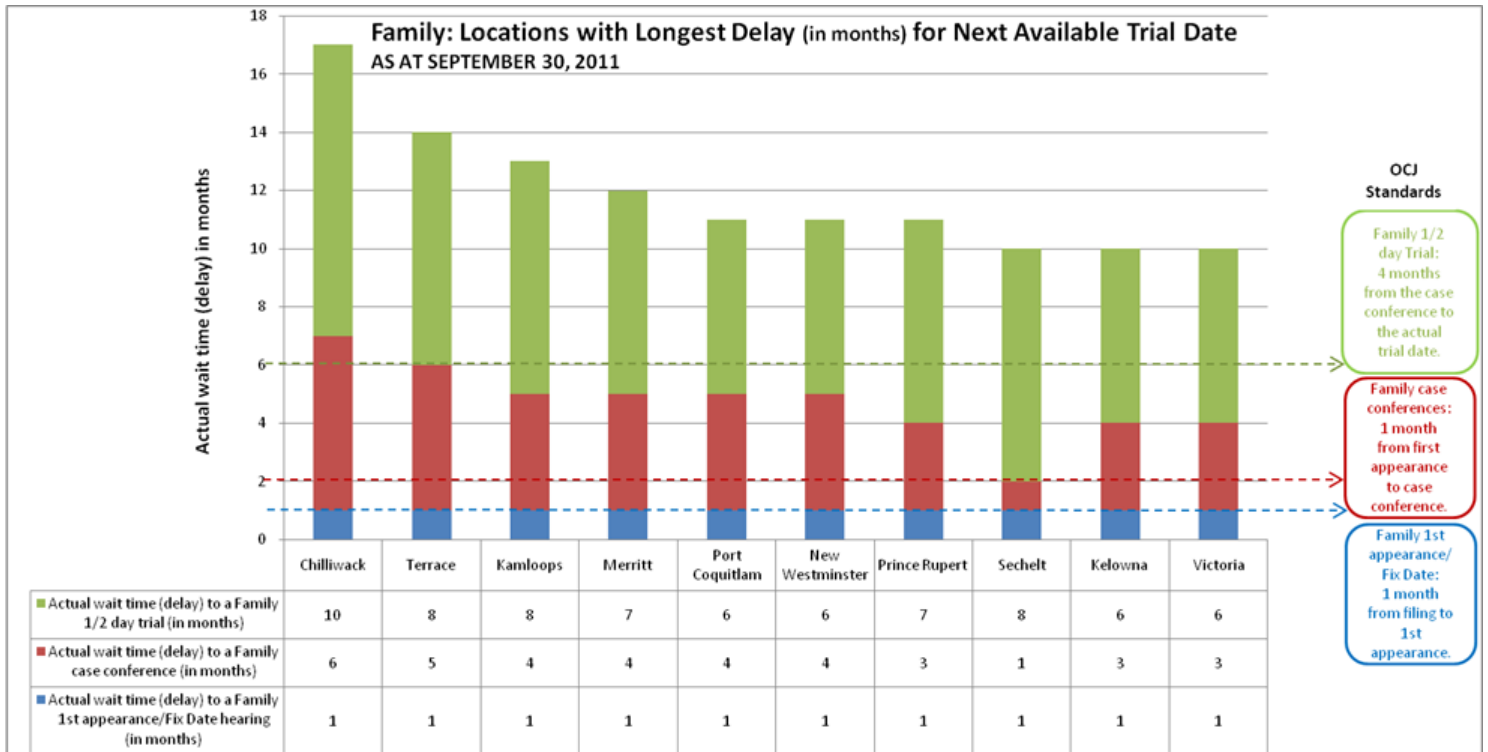
Notes:

Data Source: Judicial (Quarterly) Next Available Date Surveys.

For Child Protection Hearings, this number represents the number of months between an initial filing and the first appearance or Fix date, the first appearance and the first Case Conference and the first available court date that a typical ½ day Child Protection hearing can be scheduled into. The “first available date” does not include court dates that have opened up due to cancellations, since that is not when the Court would “normally” be scheduling matters in the future. This wait time also takes into account any cases awaiting a hearing date to be scheduled and factors those matters into any delay estimates.

This measurement is a different report from that found on the original Justice Delayed report as this now takes into consideration delays to first appearances and case conferences as well as trials.

Locations with the Longest Delay for Family Trials



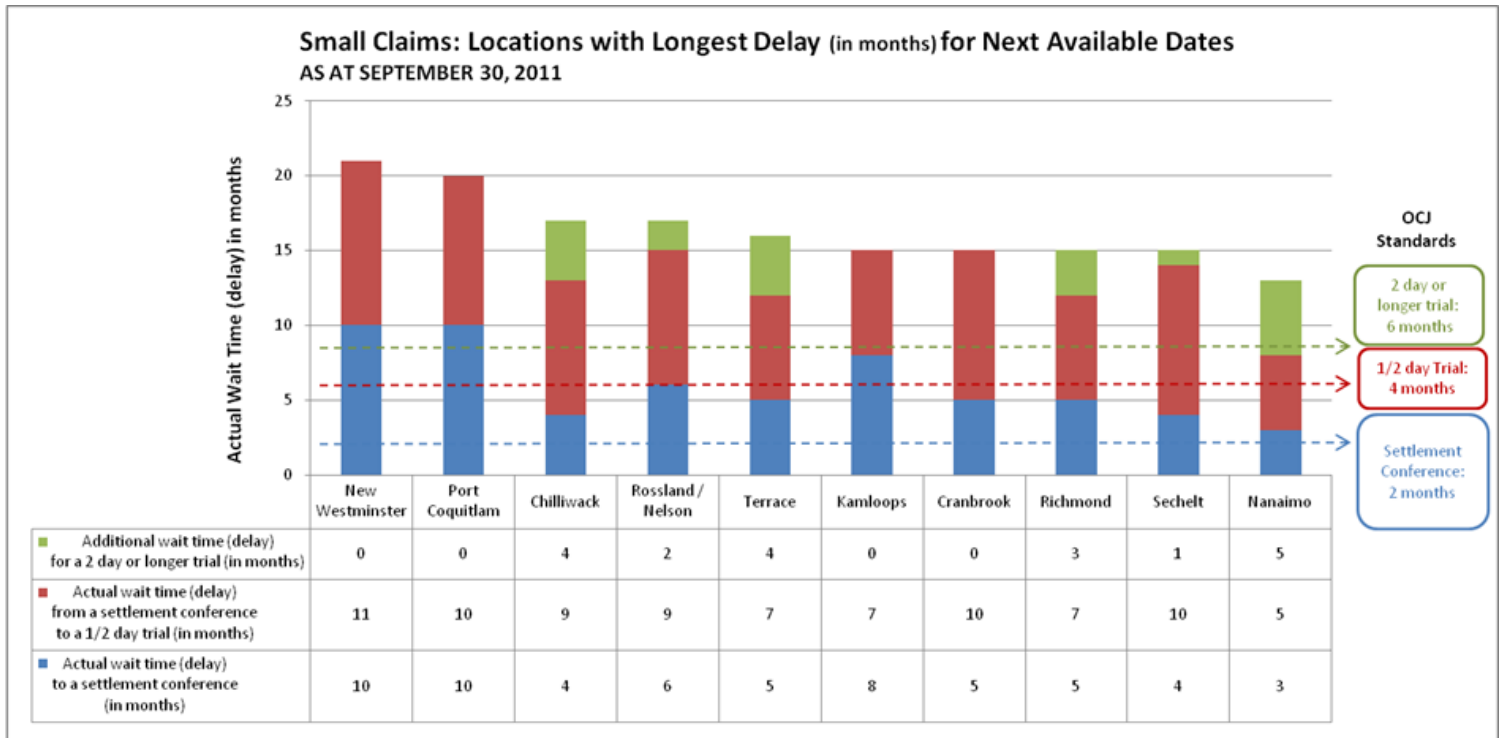
Notes:

Data Source: Judicial (Quarterly) Next Available Date Surveys.

For Family Hearings, this number represents the number of months between an initial filing and the first appearance or Fix date, the first appearance and the first Case Conference and the first available court date that a typical ½ day Family hearing can be scheduled into. The “first available date” does not include court dates that have opened up due to cancellations, since that is not when the Court would “normally” be scheduling matters in the future. This wait time also takes into account any cases awaiting a hearing date to be scheduled and factors those matters into any delay estimates.

This measurement is a different report from that found on the original Justice Delayed report as this now takes into consideration delays to first appearances and case conferences as well as trials.

Locations with the Longest Delay for Settlement Conferences and Civil Trials



Notes:

Data Source: Judicial (Quarterly) Next Available Date Surveys.

For Small Claims Settlement Conferences, this number represents the number of months between the filing of the reply to the first available court date that a typical settlement conference can be scheduled into. For Small Claims 1/2 Day Trials, this number represents the number of months between a Settlement Conference and the first available court date that a typical 1/2 day trial or hearing can be scheduled into. For Small Claims 2 Day Trials, this number represents the number of months between a beyond a regularly scheduled 1/2 day trial that a typical 2 day trial or hearing can be scheduled into.

The total wait time does not take into account the delay between the filing of the initial claim and the date when all pleadings are closed (replies and other documentation filed).

The “first available date” does not include court dates that have opened up due to cancellations, since that is not when the Court would “normally” be scheduling matters in the future. This wait time also takes into account any trials or hearings awaiting a trial date to be scheduled and factors those matters into any delay estimates.